

Vocabulary and terminology common to paper crafting and Stampin' Up!:

- CS (cardstock): coordinated colored CS, white, vellum, and special cardstock such as foil and glimmer papers
- Consumables: things that are not reused, such as paper, glue, embellishments, etc.
- Embellishments: anything that adds an extra pop to your card, such as ribbon, thread, sequins, pearls, and other kinds of bling
- Adhesives: Multi-purpose glue, glue dots, Stampin' Up! Dimensionals, Tear & Tape, Stampin' Seal, Stampin' Seal+, Cling Adhesive, Adhesive Sheets, Foam Adhesive sheets/strips, Heat and Stick Powder
- Inks:
 - o Classic colored ink stamping pads are dye-based and dry quickly
 - o "Memento Ink" is the most commonly use black ink. It is water-resistant and can also be used with the "Stampin' Blends" markers.
 - o "StazOn" ink pads are solvent-based ink that is permanent. This ink is best used for water coloring techniques after stamping, or for coloring with the "Stampin' Write" markers. StazOn ink will stain photopolymer stamps, so you need a special cleaner when you use it. StazOn always works well for different surfaces in addition to paper, such as leather, metal, plastic, foil papers, etc.
 - o "Versamark" ink, which is used for heat embossing to add shine to your cards or for making watermarks.
- Markers: there are two types of markers that Stampin' Up! sells—
 "Stampin' Write" markers which are ink-based and "Stampin' Blends,"
 which are alcohol-based and come in light and dark hues of color. Both
 types of stamps coordinate perfectly with all cardstock and inks.
- **DSP** (Designer Series Paper): paper that is especially designed to coordinate with stamp sets and suites which perfectly coordinate with featured Stampin' Up! ink and cardstock colors. Some come in 12" x 12" size and others are 6" x 6."
- Tools: There are many tools that stampers use, but the Stampin' Up! Cut and Emboss machine is a must; you need to it make die cuts and emboss papers. It also comes in two sizes! There is the original size, and a convenient mini size as well. Other important tools include:
 - Paper Trimmer for cutting and scoring paper
 - o Stamp-a-ratus for keeping stamped images aligned

- o **Stampin Emboss Machine** used with dies to cut CS, etc. and embossing folders
- Scissors
- o "Take Your Pick" which helps with intricate die cuts and embellishments such as sequins and pearls
- o "Simply Shammy" for easily cleaning your stamps
- o **Heat Tool** for embossing with powder
- o Bone Folder for scoring/creasing paper
- Suites: A set of stamps, dies, embellishments, and Designer Series Paper that all coordinate
- AC: Annual Catalog
- SAB: Sale-a-bration catalog which features items you can get for free when you purchase \$50 or more in SU products
- Types of stamps: Cling (rubber) vs. Photopolymer. Classic rubber stamps ("cling") have a highly adhesive label which you attach to the back of the stamp when you purchase them. This allows you to know what is on the stamp. They are rubber, so you can't see through them, yet they are high quality. There are some cling stamps that have a lot of detail on them, such as the "Distinktive" stamps, which have photographic details, which create amazing images. The photopolymer stamps are transparent so you can see exactly where you need to stamp. To use these stamps, you need blocks to mount them on. Stampin' Up! makes a variety of sizes of blocks. Always use a block that is similar in size to the stamp.

